COLD FUSION



CRYSIS SINGLE PALYER LEVEL BY ŁUKASZ MAJ

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Making of Cold Fusion

The development process from the conceptualization phase to the final playable version of the level took me 1 year. During the level creation process I tried to reuse all available game assets.

Estimated mission time: 30 to 40 minutes

The following document will present my workflow.

1. Conceptualization

- Developing interesting concept for a new level
- Gathering references
- 2d layout map
- Walkthrough of the level (on paper)

2. Blockout phase

- Working on the rough shape of the terrain
- Greyboxing

3. Detailing Game Environment

- Building the game environment
- Adding basic light
- Detailing the level (decals, particles, small props)
- Adding sound

4. Gameplay Scripting

- Scripting mission logic
- Scripting AI behavior
- Placing triggers and level borders
- Scripting interactive objects
- Setting cutscenes

5. Polishing & Tweaking

- Playtesting and bug fixing
- Adjusting Environment setting
- Setting final light and mood for the game

Visual References



Visual References: all rights belong to their respective owners

Level Layout

After decinding on the theme and having established all the goals I started drawing the level layout.



Example: Outer Outpost



Outer outpost is the first place where the player will encounter enemies in the game. It was designed to show and familiarize the player with the kind of enemies and danger he will be faced in the game. Outpost can be observed from a vantage point, so the player can easily observe enemy routs,

check if there are guards in the security towers, and decide if he/she wants to use the main entrance or to sneak through the hole in the fence. It is also the place where the first main objective is located, so the player can decide if he/she wants to raise the alarm, or use stealth approach and sneak using various covers/safe spots to get there.

Example: Main Base (Exterior)



Main base is the biggest area in the game, and that's why it offers the most versatile approach for the player. It can be accessed through two main gates, as well as sewer entrance and through destroyed wall. Because both side entrances (sewer entrance and destroyed wall) offers easier point of entry, they have longer paths and more enemies on the way.

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Example: Communication Center (Secondary Objective)

It is a second secondary objective in the game, and even though there is one main path leading to the objective, it is branching and offers the player a risky side path that leads straight at the enemies back, allowing for a surprise attack.

Level Flow

Level flow chart shows order and duration of the activities/encounters.

- **Cut Scene** (Level intro)
- Level exploration (Getting to the outpost)
- Encounter (Eliminating guards in the outpost and obtain data)
- Level exploration (Getting to the observation area)
- **Encounter** (Eliminating guards in the security tower)
- Level exploration (Finding security outpost/Secondary objective)
- Encounter (Disabling GPS jamming station/Secondary objective)
- Scripted Event (Calling an air strike/Optional)
- Level exploration (Finding communication center/Secondary objective)
- Encounter (Hack communication center to prevent enemy backup/Secondary objective)
- Level exploration (Getting to the base/three different paths)
- **Encounter** (Eliminating guards in the base)
- Level exploration (Getting inside the base)
- **Encounter** (Eliminating guards inside the base)
- Level Exploration (Gathering intelligence from the communication center)
- Level Exploration (Receiving programmers from the rockets)
- **Boss fight** (Fighting helicopter and guards)
- Cut Scene (Level outro)



Scripting

Scripting in Cryengine editor is handled by FlowGraph which is a node-based visual scripting method. It is fairly simple to use and allows for quite complex actions. Having said that there are also some downsides to it. One of them is having little control over controlling a character because the AI is designed to take care of everything, Which, in fact, is a very nice feature for an open world shooter, as the player might approach objectives in a various ways, and the AI mush cover for enormous playable spaces. All in all it's fairly flexible unless one wants to go far away with it from what was done in the original game.

Examples of scripted sequences:

Elevator



Hackable turrets



Helicopter fight



Enemy spawning



Conclusion

Overall, the designing process went quite smooth. The general idea for the level didn't change drastically when transitioning from the concept phase to blockout and then to final polish. Playable area went through some drastic shrinking process, as I initially assumed to use more playable vehicles, but then dropped the idea. Still, the level in terms of size is fairly big, close to the levels from the original game. Even though I am not fully satisfied with the level of scripting as some features cannot be changed from visual script level, the final output is satisfactory.

Objectives:

[P] - Primary

[S] - Secondary

1. Reach the main base and gather intelligence [P]

2. Infiltrate outer security outpost [P]

When the player land on the island he will approach the first outpost. There are two path leading to the outpost - main road and narrow side path.

3. Get to observation point [P]

At this point player gets various objectives - primary to get to the observation point and two secondary objectives:

- 3.1 Disable the GPS jamming stations
- 3.2 Hack communication center to allow control over turrets [s]

If the player complete 3.1 he/she will be able to perform Airstrike, resulting in decreasing the number of guards in the base.

Completing 3.2 lets the player hack turrets to turn them to his/her advantage.

Both secondary objectives are optional.

4. Get inside of the base [P]

Depending on the previous objectives

- if we call for an Air Strike then the base is almost empty
- if we don't call for an Air Strike we need to face more soldiers in the base
- 5. Infiltrate the base and gather intelligence [P]

You need to find the way to the base. You need to locate the communication room and download the file from the server.

6. Remove controlling devices from the rockets (x3) [P]

7. Destroy the chopper [P]

Post Mortem: Cold Fusion

Introduction

Cold Fusion is a single player level for Crysis that I developed. The whole production took roughly ten months, from the early concept phase, until final release. This was the first open-ended level that I created. In this article I will depict the goal of this project as well as consider its strong and weak points.

Goals

I wanted to create a level that fully supports Crysis core mechanics and offers player different playing approach (stealth, sniping and all-out shooting). The goal was to take all what the core game has to offer and, if possible, extend it even further.

Winter setting

I really enjoyed playing Crysis winter location and, on top of that, I always wanted to create a winter setting open-ended level with semi-linear path with multiple approach to the objectives. This was a perfect opportunity as Crysis Editor allows not only for creating good looking and believable settings, but also let you script using FlowGraph with is much easier than doing things in code. Having all that I could focus on creating fun experience withing an Arctic location that feels and plays well.

Controled Freedom

As I stated previously Cold Fusion is an open-ended level with semi-linear path with multiple approach to the objectives. I wanted to give the player freedom of choice and actions he/she undertakes, but all happening in a controlled area. The level is designed with couple of choke points in mind, such as entrance to the main gate, but player can approach the main base through three completely different paths and taking advantage of various gameplay available. This allowed to have the feeling of a larger area, almost like on open level, but still knowing what actions has been undertaken by the player.

Exploration

One of the goals I had for this project was to reward the player for exploration. I managed to achieve it in two ways. One of them was to reward player with back entrances, secret passages, risky mountain routs etc. that let the player to the back of enemy lines, allowing for preemptive attack. The other was to reward the player with additional ammo supply and weapons. I also designed POI to further encourage the player to explore the map. I also added secondary objectives which are far from the main path, but completing them gives the player many benefits in the final boss fight.

Gameplay

As a level designer I always favour 'gameplay first' approach and this project was no exception. I tried to use all available mechanics that Crysis offers and utilize them in my level. I build the level to facilitate all gameplay approaches (stealth, sniping and all-out shooting), as well as reward careful planing, observing enemy routs and exploration. There are also some risk/reward sections and secondary objectives that are meaningful for the main ones. As I didn't add any new content to the game in terms of assets, I focused mostly on creating fun and innovative gamepaly experience for the player.

What Went Right

• Rapid prototyping and early project testing

I went to the editor as soon as I decided on the rough layout of the map as well as objective placement. Testing the level early on let me figure out the scale of the level, which was polar oppose to what I assumed I would need in the preproduction phase. It turned out I would be fine with one fourth of the level size that I initially planned and that I need to bring some objectives closer to avoid boredom. I could also test out how much space I would need to support all play styles. As for rapid prototyping some objectives were not fun to play and some parts of the initial plan could not be fulfilled due to technical limitation, but going to the editor early on I could adopt the changes almost instantly, or test if some elements can work at all. What is also nice about CryEngine is that it offers in-editor Brush tool to make prototyping even more efficient. Simple geometry can be created and tested without the need to use any 3D application.

Staying true to the original vision

I am really happy that I managed to stay almost one hundred percent to the initial vision of the map that I decided in the preproduction phase. I decided to use this particular engine for this project because it can easily create good looking winter location and, what was also very important, gameplay mechanics offered by the engine allowed me to make the game as I intended. I really liked the mood of the Crysis 'Ice' level, and I wanted to create a similar mood with my level, though in more realistic setting. There is probably one big element that had to be cut from the original plan, but it was due to technical limitation and I did not change the vision on the initial Cold Fusion map.

Supporting different gameplay approaches

I wanted to support different play styles as it adds a whole new level of gameplay to the map. And, what is also very important, I do not know who is going to play this map, so I wanted to satisfy all tastes. Having different playing approach (stealth, sniping and all-out shooting) also fits perfectly the setting of the level and follows gameplay references the project is based on which is Metal Gear Solid. Lastly, I did not wanted to waste the potential that Crysis's game mechanics have to offer so it was a natural consequence to design the map this way. Not all parts of the map support all game approaches, but I did my best to ensure that major places will offer as much variety as possible.

Project Scope

I wanted the level to be close to original levels from Crysis in terms of size and I think I got pretty close to it. As I stated before getting from preproduction phase to development, the size of the level got decreased but, at the same time, smaller area has been filled with more content. I am also happy with the play time I managed to get. Depending on the play style it takes roughly twenty to thirty minutes to beat the level. Overall, the scope of the level got bigger that I initially assumed, but hopefully it all happened with the benefit for the final product.

What Went Wrong

Obsolete technology

Crysis one was a graphical revolution back in the days, for some was even treated as a benchmark to test his/her computer. It also offered very neat gameplay mechanics that offered varied gameplay approach as well as huge in terms of size levels that very often lasted more than thirty minutes each. Time have past and what once looked amazing, now looks just OK. Do not get me wrong, it still have some nice looking bits, but technology moved forward so much that it cannot be compared with nowadays standards. The same applies to FlowGraph which offers many Nodes that are labeled obsolete and not all of them work as you might expect. It is still quite usable engine but comparing it with the new ones available now on the market is just unfair.

Cutting down on features

The bigger the project gets the more time it requires to finish. I planned this project for a shorter amount of time but in the end I had to spent some more to finish what I had started. Even with this additional time I had to cut down on some features but I did all my best to keep most of the original ideas I decided on in the preproduction. I also had to cut down some features due to technical limitation of the engine. When planing the entire level and choosing the editor I assumed all things can be done withing it, but I should have checked prior to implementing gameplay what is possible and what is not. I will definitely do it in my future projects.

Project Scope

Everyone has a tendency to aim too high and I am no exception. I wanted to create a short level taking into consideration development time as well as the size of it, but of course I ended up adding stuff to the core part which made the level 'grow' already in the preproduction phase. Same thing happened in the production phase when building the level I often had and idea like 'it would be nice to add this to the level'. The plan was to develop the level in three months and spend next month bug fixing and polishing, but I ended with over ten months from start to full completion. Of course I am happy I finished it, though I had at some point an idea to drop it all together, but finishing an overdue project have a feeling of failing rather than succeeding.

Insufficient testing time

Putting more time into production of the level ended up having less time to test it properly. I did not wanted to add more time to the project as it already got out of hand. I would really like to spend some more time testing the level but I have new projects to be done and as you might expect new projects are always more interesting than the old ones. Of course I will fix all bugs that I or other players find.

Conclusion

Completing this level was a big thing for me as finishing a big project is never an easy task. The project turned out to be 3 times bigger in term of time, as well as more ambitious then I established at first. Even though it is finally done, I wish I spent more time tweaking and improving it, but due to technical limitation some of the initial ideas had to be dropped while in development. The final objective had to be changed (the interior of the base emerging through frozen lake) and it had to be replaced with something different. Of course if I would spent more time and create custom assets, add more detailed models etc. I could create something close enough to what I intended. I'm happy I managed to bring this project to an end. I learned a whole lot in the process, especially about planing ahead, sheer size of the project planed, open-ended level design, engine-specific workflow and, what I considered the most important, how to bring your vision to conclusion, despite all the adversities you have to face along the way. All in all, it was a great experience.